

# UNITED STATE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# Patent and Tracemark Office

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ΓA	TORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/029,686	03/03/98	B MALFROY-CAMINE		В	15390-000450
	HM12/1006			EXAMINER	
EUGENIA GARRETT WACKOWSKI				DELACROIX MUIRHEI,C	
TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
STH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO CA 94111				1654	8
		•		DATE MAILED:	10/06/99

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

	Application No. 09/629, 686 Application No. Malfroy-Camine ctal				
Office Action Summary	Examiner Group Art Unit  C. Delacroix-M 1654				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
This action is FINAL.					
Since this application is in condition for allowance exc in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quaylo	cept for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed e, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.				
is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. F	s set to expire month(s), or thirty days, whichever Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of				
Disposition of Claims					
[7] Claim(s)	is/are pending in the application.				
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
☐ Claim(s)					
Claim(s) 1 - 24	is/are rejected.				
☐ Claim(s)	is/are objected to.				
•	are subject to restriction or election requirement.				
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent II ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on  The specification is objected to by the Examiner. ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	e objected to by the Examiner isapproveddisapproved.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).  All Some* None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been received.  received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)  received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  *Certified copies not received:  Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).					
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, P Interview Summary, PTO-413 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, I Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152					
SEE OFFICE ACTIO	ON ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Continued Prosecution Application**

1. The request filed on Sep. 21, 1999 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 09/029,686 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

No claims are cancelled or added. Claims 1-24 are presented for prosecution on the merits.

#### **Priority**

2. If applicant desires priority under 35 U.S.C. 119 based upon a previously filed copending application, specific reference to the earlier filed application must be made in the instant application. This should appear as the first sentence of the specification following the title, preferably as a separate paragraph. The status of nonprovisional parent application(s) (whether patented or abandoned) should also be included. If a parent application has become a patent, the expression "now Patent No.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_" should follow the filing date of the parent application. If a parent application has become abandoned, the expression "now abandoned" should follow the filing date of the parent application.

### Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b). An abstract on a separate sheet is required.

#### Claim Objections

4. Claims 2, 3, 5, 10, 12, 13, 22 are objected to because of the following informalities: in claim 2, line 2, "Fig. 12" should read --Fig. 12(A-B)-- and "Fig. 19" should read --Fig. 19A---. At line 3 of claim 2, "Fig. 11" should read --Fig. 11A-B--. Finally, Figs. 23 and 26A-E do not show the claimed compounds and any reference thereto should be cancelled.

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Claims 3, 5, 13 and 22 need reference to the corresponding figures that disclose the claimed compounds. In claim 10, at line 3, "Fig. 11" should read --Fig. 11A--. Finally, in claim 12, line 29, "Fig. 11" does not reflect the claimed structures and any reference thereto should be cancelled.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. Claims 1, 4, 5, 10, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1, 5 and 10 are vague and indefinite because at lines 16-17, lines 19-23 and lines 6-7, respectively, the phrase "selected from the group...or.." is improper Markush terminology. The metes and bounds of said phrase are unclear. Please refer to MPEP 2173.05(h) for guidance on proper Markush terminology.

Claims 4 and 12 are vague and indefinite because it is not clear to the Examiner to what the phrase "the allowed substituents" refers. Furthermore, in claim 12, at lines 24-25, it is not clear what is being claimed in the phrase "a salen metal compound having detectable antioxidant activity and according to...". The sentence structure is awkward.

6. Claim 24 provides for the use of a salen-metal compound, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example Ex parte Dunki, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and Clinical Products, Ltd. v. Brenner, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371© of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 8. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Malfroy-Camine et al, 5,403,834.

Malfroy-Camine discloses the invention substantially as claimed. Specifically, Malfroy-Camine teaches Applicant's claimed salen-metal compounds and pharmaceutical compositions thereof. Malfroy-Camine further disclose (1) methods for treating and preventing pathological conditions such as preventing or reducing ischemic/reperfusion damage to the myocardium and central nervous system or (2) methods for preventing or reducing cellular damage resulting from exposure to compounds which produce damaging free radicals comprising administering compositions of the disclosed salen-metal compounds. Please refer to col. 5, line 54 to col. 6, line 6; col. 16-19; col. 20-21; claims 1-6.

## Double Patenting

9. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321© may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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10. Claims 1-20 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 5,827,880. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the claims of the instant invention and the claims of the '880 patent recite similar salen-metal compounds, pharmaceutical compositions and antioxidant compositions thereof and methods of inhibiting damage to cells induced by reactive oxygen species, wherein the substituents, i.e. X1, X2, X3, X4 and Y1-6, of the claimed salen-metal compound of the instant invention overlap with the substituents disclosed in US '880. The compounds of US '880 are encompassed and rendered obvious by the broader compounds of the instant invention.

- 11. Claims 1-19 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of U.S. Patent No. 5,834,509. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the claims of the instant invention and the claims of the '509 patent recite similar salen-metal compounds and pharmaceutical compositions thereof wherein the substituents, i.e. X1, X2, X3, X4 and Y1-6, of the claimed salen-metal compound of the instant invention overlap with the substituents disclosed in US '509. The compounds of US '509 are encompassed and rendered obvious by the broader compounds of the instant invention.
- 12. Claims 21-23 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14 of U.S. Patent No. 5,696,109. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the claims of the instant invention and the claims of the '109 patent recite similar salen-metal compounds, pharmaceutical compositions thereof and methods of arresting or treating free radical-associated diseases, wherein the substituents, i.e. X1, X2, X3, X4; Y1-6; R1-4; n; M; A of the claimed salen-metal compound of the instant invention overlap with the substituents disclosed in US '109. The more specific compounds of US '109 are encompassed and rendered obvious by the broader compounds of the instant invention.
- 13. Claims 1-19 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of U.S. Patent No. 5,403,834. Although the

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conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the claims of the instant invention and the claims of the '834 patent recite similar salen-metal compounds and pharmaceutical compositions thereof, wherein the substituents, i.e. X1, X2, X3, X4; Y1-6; M; A; n, of the claimed salen-metal compound of the instant invention overlap with the substituents disclosed in US '834. The more specific compounds of US '834 are encompassed and rendered obvious by the broader compounds of the instant invention.

#### Conclusion

Hence, claims 1-24 are rejected.

14. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cybille Delacroix-Muirheid whose telephone number is (703) 306-3227. The examiner can normally be reached on Tue-Fri from 8:30 to 6:00. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Mondays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward PhD, can be reached on (703) 308-4028. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-4242.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

CDM

Oct. 1, 1999

MICHAEL P. WOODWARD SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600

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